

CHAPTER SCR 73

JUROR USE AND MANAGEMENT

SCR 73.01 Monitoring the jury system.
 SCR 73.02 Jury orientation and instruction.

SCR 73.03 Jury deliberations.

Note: SCR Chapter 73 was adopted May 29, 1996, eff. July 1, 1997.

Comment: The goal of an effective jury system is to provide the court with the jurors necessary for the resolution of disputes, without causing those summoned to suffer undue hardship or inconvenience. By employing effective jury management techniques, courts can increase the efficiency of operations, reduce costs, and improve the nature and quality of the service asked of citizens. Success in these areas will help strengthen the jury system, enhance the quality of the decision-making process and improve the attitude of the citizenry toward the court system. Courts may refer to the American Bar Association Standards Relating to Juror Use and Management for further information.

SCR 73.01 Monitoring the jury system. Each judicial circuit shall analyze at least annually the performance of the jury system in the circuit to determine all of the following:

(1) If the department list or master list under section 756.04 of the statutes is representative and inclusive of the population of the circuit.

(2) The effectiveness of the summoning and qualification procedures.

(3) The responsiveness of prospective jurors to their summonses for jury duty.

(4) If jurors and prospective jurors are used efficiently.

(5) The cost-effectiveness of the jury system.

History: Sup. Ct. Order No. 96–05, 201 Wis. 2d xv (1996).

Judicial Council Note, 1996: SCR 73.01 implements American Bar Association Jury Standards 12 and 13.

SCR 73.02 Jury orientation and instruction. (1) Each judicial circuit shall provide jurors and prospective jurors with the information necessary to respond effectively to the summons and to fulfill their duties, including all of the following:

(a) Guidance on the process of being summoned and responding.

(b) Orientation to the jury system, court procedures and practices.

(c) Instructions concerning both general duties and responsibilities of a juror and specific case related instructions, as the trial judge considers necessary.

(d) Information concerning jurors' rights and responsibilities when discharged.

(2) Appreciation may be expressed to the jurors for their service.

(3) The information under sub. (1) may be provided in writing, by personal communication, through audio or audiovisual materials, as part of judicial instructions to the jury or by other means.

History: Sup. Ct. Order No. 96–05, 201 Wis. 2d xv (1996).

Judicial Council Note, 1996: SCR 73.02 implements parts of American Bar Association Jury Standard 16. Other parts of the standard are addressed in statutes dealing with jury instructions. See, for example, ss. 805.13 (2), (3) and (4) and 972.10 (1).

SCR 73.03 Jury deliberations. (1) Jury deliberations shall take place under conditions and pursuant to procedures that are designed to maintain impartiality and to enhance rational decision making.

(2) The judge shall instruct the jury concerning appropriate procedures to be followed during deliberations.

(3) Sequestration shall be required only for the purpose of insulating the jury from improper information or influences.

(4) The judge shall determine, after considering the needs of the jury, the parties and the court system, whether a jury will deliberate after normal working hours.

(5) Training shall be provided to personnel who escort and assist jurors during deliberation.

History: Sup. Ct. Order No. 96–05, 201 Wis. 2d xv (1996).

Judicial Council Note, 1996: SCR 73.03 implements American Bar Association Jury Standard 18.